The Woman's National and International Permanent Industrial Exposition

To be Established at

WASHINGTON, D. C.

U. S. A.

THE HENRY E. WILKENS PRINTING CO. WASHINGTON, D. C.

ALLIED PRINTING TRADES LABOR COUNCIL WASHINGTON 11

TO THE PUBLIC!

THE National Government has given to the various exhibits and expositions held in this country and Europe nearly twenty million dollars outright. Within one year after these enormous appropriations of the people's money are granted and the exhibits are over, these magnificent buildings, etc., are destroyed and sold to junk dealers. Every succeeding exposition calls for similar outlays of money, and then follows the destruction of Government property.

The object of the Permanent Exposition Association is to use all legitimate means and influence possible to bear upon Congress to establish a Permanent Exposition in Washington, to be open to visitors ten months during the year. All this Government Exposition property could then be utilized for the benefit of the Washington Permanent Exposition, and not destroyed, as at present.

The Woman's Industrial Exhibit League started the movement two years ago. We have enlisted over three hundred prominent business men of Washington in this movement. We expect to add to this list one thousand representative public spirited citizens who will take an active part in helping to establish the Permanent Exposition of Washington, D. C.

CHARLOTTE SMITH.

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WOMAN'S NATIONAL AND INTERNATIONAL INDUSTRIAL EXHIBIT.

The objects of the Woman's National and International Industrial Exhibit are to promote and encourage the handiwork of woman's industrial and inventive genius by establishing a Permanent Exhibit in the Capital, making the said exhibit State, National, and International in character.

The history of expositions is as follows : The first exhibit was held in London in 1761. In France a series of national exhibitions were inaugurated under the direction of Napoleon, who offered a gold medal for an invention or product that would deal the heaviest blow to English trade. The second in 1801 ; after that a continuance came in 1806, 1819, 1823, 1827, 1830, 1839, 1844, and 1849. At the last there were 4,494 exclusive French exhibitors. Is it any wonder, then, that the French women lead the world in enterprise, fashion, and art, when the French Government has done so much to promote the welfare of the nation's artisans in fostering and encouraging the industrial women of France by giving prizes, premiums, and medals to women competitors for industrial honors ?

The first National Exhibit in Austria was held in Vienna in 1820. Then a series of events followed in 1835, 1839, and again in 1845, all withsuccess. In Germany the first exposition was held in 1822, in 1827, and again in 1844. The last was so successful that a steady increasehas gone on with each exhibition. In Saxony, the first was in 1825. In Dublin, Ireland, the first exhibit was held in 1829, which was crowned with great success.

The first International Exposition was held in Paris in 1855 ; the second in London in 1862 ; the third in 1873, when the great Vienna Exposition took place. The Grand Paris Exposition was opened in 1878. France has been contributing to expositions until 1900, which surpassed all others in the number of visitors, great expense on the part of the government, and magnificent pomp and display.

The first exhibition in this country was held in New York just after the Revolutionary War. In 1853 New York held another exposition, which was opened by President Pierce, in the Crystal Palace, which was used for some years for expositions, until burned down, with the contents of the exhibition. The Centennial Exposition, in Philadelphia, was opened May 10, 1876. New Orleans held an exposition in 1884 ; Atlanta in 1881, and the second in 1895 ; the World's Fair, in Chicago, was in 1893 ; the Omaha in 1898 ; the Buffalo in 1901, and Charleston in 1902.

Women contribute largely to the welfare of the Nation by their industry. Is it not, then, about time that the most boasted progressive nation on earth should recognize the industrial women of this country

as wage factors and bread winners? We demand financial aid from the National Government, because women are justly entitled to it, since they help create the wealth of the Nation. Therefore, we insist upon an appropriation large enough to help establish a National and International Exhibit of the handiwork of industrial women, in Washington, D. C.

We appeal to all fair-minded business men and manufacturers in this "prosperous" country to recognize women as educational factors, and for their inventive genius, as well as industrial worth. This is woman's century, and we further demand Government recognition to demonstrate that we largely create the wealth of the Nation. And if we fail to make the Woman's Industrial Exposition a financial success, men have failed to make expositions financial successes, for every exhibit and exposition the Government has aided winds up, with but one exception—namely, the Centennial, in Philadelphia—with a "deficiency." We also want financial aid from the broad-minded business men of the country to help us make the Exhibit a success. Furthermore, we are determined that women shall be recognized as industrial and educational factors by a "Government of the people, by the people, and for the people." Men have received through trade and political influence over fifteen million dollars from a paternal Government to promote their "deficit" exhibits and expositions. We, in return, want only a few thousand dollars to make the Woman's Industrial Exhibit a success, because women create eighty per cent of the wealth of the Nation in light manufacturing industries, and are, therefore, entitled to Government recognition as wage earners.

The Woman's National and International Exhibit will be permanently located in Washington, the city of the nation. Therefore, we desire practical aid and co-operation from the citizens of the United States, and financial backing from the Government, which we are justly entitled to have to help promote the work, that it may be made a success and a lasting monument to woman's business integrity, industry, and moral worth, and a credit to the nation.

The National Government has given to the various exhibits and expositions held in this country and Europe nearly fifteen million dollars outright, not including the St. Louis Exposition, which received five million dollars outright, and the expenses will cost the Government five millions more for Government exhibits. Within one year after these enormous appropriations of the people's money is granted and the exhibit is over the magnificent buildings, etc., are destroyed and sold to junk dealers. Every succeeding exposition calls for similar outlays of money, and with it the destruction of Government property follows.

The object of the Permanent Exhibit organization is to use all legitimate influence possible to bear upon Congress to establish a Permanent International Exposition in Washington. All this Government property could then be utilized for the benefit of the Washington Exposition, and not destroyed, as at present.

In this country Expositions are yet in their infancy. They will before long become, as in France, an epidemic, for every large city in

the United States will have its annual exhibits, because it enthuses the people and pays the city and State in which they are held. Washington will never be a manufacturing city, therefore, it behooves the citizens to take advantage of the situation to make the Capital of the Nation one of the most beautiful and attractive cities in the United States. Therefore we desire the co-operation of all the residents of this city to help establish a Permanent International Exposition in Washington which will attract hundreds of thousands of visitors annually, thereby alike benefitting capital andindustry.

PLANS OF THE EXPOSITION BUILDINGS.

Mr. Paul J. Pelz, architect, who was associated in business in Washington with Mr. Smithmeyer, submitted at a public competition, which was invited by act of Congress in 1873, plans for the Congressional Library, and they were awarded the first premium among twenty-nine competitors. The Congressional Library is considered the finest piece of architecture in the world. Therefore, Mr. Paul J. Pelz needs no introduction from us. We have engaged him as architect for the Woman's National Industrial and Permanent Exhibit, and he has furnished the plans for the Woman's Exposition building. We have also incorporated his speech, made before the Association Committee, and description of the said plans:

MADAM CHAIRMAN: In presenting to you a plan for the proposed Woman's Industrial Exhibit building, I have not confined myself to any particular lot or place, but have assumed that this enterprise, which concerns one-half of the population of this country, well deserves to have a sufficiency of space allotted to it from the abundance of Government reservations.

The growing collections of the Government must be taken care of and space and means provided for such as will in the course of time develop and grow into maturity.

Into all or nearly all world's fairs, woman has been given separate and distinct space covered with structures specially adapted to their particular line of genius. Naturally, woman's exhibits are not bulky—they do not require much floor space like machinery, exhibits of transportation, etc. They must, however, have an abundance of light, and be ready for close accessibility for inspection.

A building for a permanent exhibition of woman's industrial world in the Capitol of the Nation requires not only a large exhibition hall, but buildings where each State of the Union will have a distinct and separate room, in which exhibits can be temporarily located before they are classified and permanently placed, and where loan exhibits can be displayed; also where registers are kept, and business can be transacted relating to the respective localities in the particular States.

I have therefore so arranged the building that these state rooms, fifty in number, are placed in a front building, composed of a center structure, with two side and two end wings in stories. Twenty-four of these state rooms are located in the first story, the remainder in the second story. They will be 24 by 36 feet, and are amply lighted, and 18 and 15 feet high in the clear, respectively. The main entrance is in the center through a six-column portico, flanked by two rooms for messengers and police. To the right and left in the main building will be two large reception rooms, 36 by 48.

The main hall will be 82 feet by 168 feet. The 24-foot corridors will spread out right and left, and will open directly on the courts for light as soon as they emerge from the main building. A rotunda will open up through the second story into a dome located immediately back of the corridor line. Around this

rotunda are located two staircases, four elevators, two toilet rooms, and four special committee rooms, or rooms of administration, as the management will require. Two additional staircases will be found in the end wings for intercommunication between the stories.

The second story will be almost a counterpart of the first story, and the portion of the main building back of the corridor line will have a third story, accessible from the elevators and stairs extended, with rooms for administrative purposes.

The first and second stories communicate in the center and at the end wings in the hall and corridors with the main exhibition building, 260 by 480 feet on the ground floor, with 48 feet wide gallaries around the sides, and a 64-foot gallery through its center axis. Four fine circular staircases give access to the galleries in the four corners.

It is expected that the industrial work of the women of America, when once shown by this exhibt, will soon fill this structure, and require additional space; therefore, in locating the structure, it should be done so as to allow space in the rear to double or treble its capacity by additional exhibition halls like the one proposed, running along the main axis, with sufficient intervals for air and light.

The style of the building will be classical, in the modern sense, adapted to an expression of our civilization, of which woman is really the jewel that it encompasses. The old time idea that the Ionic order is the feminine in contradiction to the masculine Doric, has much in it to be respected, and for this reason I have adopted it for this building.

The material should be white marble, which is the best there is, but none too fine for the present purpose. However, if this should be an obstacle towards obtaining the building in a reasonable time, I should advocate as a second choice the grey canon—Cleveland sandstone. This stone, which I have frequently used, is an excellent material also. I should certainly be disappointed if the material of this structure were to be anything like a brick facing.

The interior would, of course, go with the exterior as to style and decorations, and here extensive use might be made of American marbles in the halls and native hardwood in the rooms.

OUR PROPOSED MONUMENT TO WOMAN.

The undersigned has devoted the best years of her life, and given freely of her means to the amelioration of the condition, advancement and progress of the industrial women of the United States, without fee, reward, emoluments, or office. We propose to help establish "A Permanent Exhibit" of woman's mechanical, industrial and inventive genius, that the public may see and judge her skill in art, literature, sculpture and woman's work in peace and war.

This Exhibition will result in the acknowledgment of woman as a prominent industrial factor, and bring her worth before the American people as a wealth producer, thereby forcing her from that obscurity to which she has been relegated for ages, denying her many privileges and immunities accorded to man. We desire to make this Exposition worthy of the women of our country in all its features and an attraction to the National Capital.

The time has arrived when our women should be remembered by a paternal Government. With all our boasted progress, we are far behind monarchial governments in recognizing woman's worth as industrial factors. Our Government has spent hundreds of millions in granite and marble in erecting buildings with public money. The great Capitol Building, costing more than $16,000,000 alone, in which there is not a room or niche for woman. Fourteen million five hundred thousand dollars is the sum appropriated by Congress to perpetuate the memory of man in marble and bronze; our public parks are graced by the statues of generals, admirals and statesmen, while woman is relegated to obscurity, with not a dollar appropriated to celebrate her worth or perpetuate her memory. Liberal appropriations are made for the wild animals in the National Zoo, who have caretakers and gilded cages to live in, the monkey has board, lodging and medical attention, and an architect is now engaged in designing and planning cages for the eagle, and the snakes at the park are all liberally provided for. Woman alone

is ignored by the greatest nation on earth. The Goddess of Liberty mounted upon the dome of the Capitol has not had a new dress or a coat of paint since she has been elevated to do standing duty by man. Notwithstanding, she has faithfully faced the inclemencies of all seasons of the year. The very elements at last protested, and resented the insult by striking the goddess with lightning.

Gentlemen, lawmakers and statesmen, it is time for you to awake from your lethargy and indifference by making a liberal appropriation and co-operating with the promoters of the Woman's National and International Permanent Exposition of Washington. CHARLOTTE SMITH.

We hope to interest thousands of broad-minded men of this country in the Woman's Permanent Industrial Exposition, in which we propose to have a Hall of Fame dedicated to honor the men who have co-operated and aided us in founding this monument to woman's work and worth in the Capital of the Nation. We are receiving letters and testimonials from prominent business men of the country, who have written us on the subject of the plans and purposes of the proposed Permanent Industrial Exhibit on woman's work, in Washington.

The following are a few extracts from letters received:

Mr. E. B. Pike, President Pike Manufacturing Co., Pike Station, N. H., writes us that, "We are willing to give the women of the country all due honor. We pay higher wages according to their worth than to men, and wish you success in the Woman's Industrial Exhibit."

DERBY, CONN., August 1899.

Mrs. CHARLOTTE SMITH,

Dear Madam: I desire to become a member of the Woman's National Industrial Exhibit. Yours truly, CHAS. H. NETTLETON.

SOUTH CHESTER TUBE CO.,
Chester, Pa. December 17, 1901.

Dear Madam: I desire to become a member of the proposed Woman's Industrial Exposition, to be held in Washington, D. C. Very truly yours,
G. W. COOK, General Manager.

BULLOCK & WAGNER COS.,
Direct and Alternating Current Equipments,
Cincinnati, Ohio, December 14, 1901.

Mrs. CHARLOTTE SMITH,
Arlington Hotel, Washington, D. C.

Dear Madam: Enclosed please find check for our membership ticket for the Woman's National Industrial Exhibit.

Yours very truly, T. T. BALLEZ,
Manager Advance Department Bullock & Wagner Cos.

Mr. Chas. A. Carlisle pays a high tribute to woman in the following paragraph:

STUDEBAKER BROS. MFG. CO.,
South Bend, Ind., December 24, 1901.

Mrs. CHARLOTTE SMITH,

Dear Madam: It has been woman's unselfish love that has made man great. I desire to become a member of the Woman's Industrial Exposition. With brightest hopes for a grand success of the splendid work undertaken by you, believe me with the season's greetings,

Yours truly, CHAS. A. CARLISLE.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK, Chadron, Neb., August 26, 1890.

WOMAN'S NATIONAL INDUSTRIAL EXHIBIT, Washington, D. C.

Ladies: I have the pleasure of sending my check to help the Woman's National Industrial Exhibit.

Yours truly, BARTLETT RICHARDS, President.

GEORGE ARNOLD & CO.,
Wholesale Grocers and Cotton Factories,
Memphis, Tenn., January 31, 1902.

Mrs. CHARLOTTE SMITH,

Dear Madam: We desire to assist in building the monument to woman's worth and industry. Wishing you success, I am

Yours very truly, GEORGE ARNOLD, President.

F. C. CHASE & CO.,
Boston, Mass., December 7, 1901.

Dear Madam: I wish to become a member of the Woman's Industrial Exposition.

Yours truly, JOHN HOPEWELL.

THOMAS MADDOCK & SONS,
Manufacturers Sanitary Earthenware,
Trenton, N. J., December 14, 1901.

Dear Madam: We desire a ticket of membership in the Woman's Industrial Exhibit.

Yours respectfully, THOMAS MADDOCK & SONS.

J. A. JEFFREY MANUFACTURING CO.,
Columbus, Ohio, December 19, 1901.

Dear Madam: I desire to become a member of the Woman's Industrial Exposition.

Respectfully, J. A. JEFFREY, President.

EMERSON DRUG CO., MANUFACTURING CHEMISTS,
Baltimore, Md., December, 1901.

Wishing the Woman's Industrial Exhibt every success, we remain,

Yours truly, EMERSON DRUG CO.

OXNARD CONSTRUCTION CO., 32 Nassau street,
New York, December 12, 1901.

Mrs. CHARLOTTE SMITH,

Dear Madam: We desire membership in the Woman's Industrial Exhibit. Wishing the Exhibit every possible success, we are

Yours respectfully, OXNARD CONSTRUCTION CO.

MEMPHIS, TENN., January 16, 1902.

Mrs. CHARLOTTE SMITH,

Dear Madam; We are much interested in the proposed Woman's Industrial Exposition to be held in Washington, D. C., and will be glad to co-operate in the movement.

Respectfully, FLY & HOBSON.

B. LOWENSTEIN & BROS.,
Importers and Dealers in Dry Goods and Notions,
Memphis, Tenn., January 18, 1902.

MRS. CHARLOTTE SMITH,
Care of Arlington Hotel, Washington, D. C.

Dear Madam: It is with great pleasure that we wish to become identified with the Woman's Industrial and Permanent Exposition of Washington. With best wishes for the success of this gigantic undertaking, I remain

Yours truly, E. LOWENSTEIN.

THE JAMES LEFFEL CO.,
Builders of Turbine Water Wheels,
Springfield, Ohio, December 16, 1901.

With our best wishes, we remain for the exhibit

Yours truly, THE JAMES LEFFEL CO.

PENINSULAR SUGAR REFINING CO. OF DETROIT,
Caro, Mich., December 14, 1901.

MRS. CHARLOTTE SMITH,
President Woman's National Industrial Exhibit, Washington, D. C.

Dear Madam: I am very glad to acquire the membership of your League, as I am convinced of the great good this League will do.

Respectfully yours,

O. SALINO, General Superintendent.

HOYT METAL CO., St. Louis, Mo., December 16, 1901.

MRS. CHARLOTTE SMITH,

Dear Madam: Trusting the Woman's Industrial Permanent Exhibit may prove a success, I remain

Yours truly, W. S. SWINGLEY, Secretary.

C. A. SMITH LUMBER CO.,
Minneapolis, Minn., May 12, 1902.

MRS. CHARLOTTE SMITH,

Dear Madam: I take pleasure in enclosing check for membership ticket of the Woman's Industrial Exhibit.

Yours very truly, C. A. SMITH.

57TH CONGRESS,
1ST SESSION.

H. R. 13681.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

APRIL 16, 1902.

Mr. BROWNLOW introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Appropriations and ordered to be printed.

A BILL

Granting an appropriation to the Trustees of the Woman's National Industrial Exhibit in the city of Washington, District of Columbia.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to pay to the trustees of the Woman's National Exhibit of the city of Washington, District of Columbia, the sum of one hundred thousand dollars, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the purpose of aiding the said trustees in establishing a Woman's National Industrial Exhibit in the city of Washington, District of Columbia: *Provided*, That before the payment of said appropriation the said trustees shall raise the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars, and prove to the satisfaction of the Secretary of the Treasury that they have the said sum of twenty-five thousand dollars actually in hand.

The following statesmen have placed themselves on record for niches in the Hall of Fame:

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, U. S.,
Washington, D. C., May 31, 1902.

Mrs. CHARLOTTE SMITH.

Dear Madam: It affords me much pleasure to add my name to the list of those who are in sympathy with any movement that will advance the cause of the industrial women of this country. I believe much good will come from the Woman's National Industrial Exposition, and it should be encouraged by the United States Government, as it would be an incentive for further advancement of women as industrial and educational factors. Therefore, I hope that your efforts will be crowned with success.

Respectfully, WALTER A. BROWNLOW.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
Washington, D. C., February 5, 1902.

Mrs. CHARLOTTE SMITH,
President Womans' National Industrial Exhibit.

Dear Madam: I am in receipt of your favor of recent date, enclosing copy of bill and testimonials in reference to the Woman's National Industrial Exhibit. I take pleasure in expressing myself in accord with the objects of your Association, and trust that it will meet with success.

Very truly yours, CHAS. DICK.

COMMITTEE ON MILITARY AFFAIRS,
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
Washington, D. C., February 1, 1902.

Mrs. CHARLOTTE SMITH,
Woman's National Industrial Exhibit.

Dear Madam: Your letter was duly received and contents carefully noted, and I beg to assure you of my earnest support of the Woman's National Industrial Exhibit. With best wishes, believe me,

Very sincerely your friend, WM. SULZER.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
Washington, D. C., February 4, 1902.

Mrs. CHARLOTTE SMITH,
The Arlington, Washington, D. C.,

Dear Madam: Anything that will extend the usefulness of women and help them to elevate, educate, and advance their interests in life has my hearty approval. It therefore affords me much pleasure to offer my best wishes and assure you of my sympathy with your aims in this direction.

Very respectfully, WM. H. DOUGLAS.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
Washington, D. C., January 30, 1902.

Mrs. CHARLOTTE SMITH, President Woman's Industrial Exhibit, Washington, D. C.

Dear Madam: I am in hearty sympathy with the proposition to establish a Woman's National Industrial Exhibit. I am a firm believer in the absolute equality of the sexes—both industrial and political. My own State has successfully tried the experiment of political equality, and we have learned by experience that if women are given political equality they are more likely to soon acquire industrial equality. Whether just or not, the citizen with a vote is stronger than the citizen without a vote.

Yours very truly, GEO. SUTHERLAND.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
Washington, D. C., February 3, 1902.

Mrs. CHARLOTTE SMITH, President of Woman's National Industrial Exhibit.

My Dear Madam: I am heartily in sympathy with the movement of your Association to secure the establishment of the Woman's National Industrial Exhibit, and shall be pleased to give my support to the bill which contemplates that object. The purposes of your organization tend to advance the cause of woman—better her condition in the field of industry—and elevate the industrial and laboring classes of your sex who ought to receive the encouragement and support of all well thinking men.

Very truly yours, HENRY M. GOLDFOGLE, M. C.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
Washington, D. C., January 25, 1902.

CHARLOTTE SMITH, Washington, D. C.

Dear Madam: I am in receipt of yours of the 22d instant, and contents noted. I very much approve of the Woman's Industrial Exhibit, and will be very much pleased to learn of your success in getting the same established.

Very respectfully yours, HERMAN B. DAHLE.

COMMITTEE ON ACCOUNTS,
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
Washington, D. C., January 23, 1902.

MRS. CHARLOTTE SMITH.

Dear Madam: I am fully in accord with you in your efforts to aid the distressed women of this country, and sincerely approve of the Woman's National Industrial Exhibit of Washington.

Faithfully, HENRY C. SMITH.

COMMITTEE ON INTERSTATE AND FOREIGN COMMERCE,
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
Washington, D. C., January 30, 1902.

MRS. CHARLOTTE SMITH,
President Woman's National Industrial Exhibit, Washington, D. C.

Dear Madam: I beg to acknowledge receipt of your letter. I am entirely in sympathy with the efforts of your League to establish an industrial exhibit, and trust your efforts will meet with success. I have the honor to remain

Yours respectfully, W. H. RYAN.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
Washington, D. C., February 3, 1902.

Dear Madam: It gives me great pleasure to manifest an interest in the movement in which women are interested, namely, the establishment of an American Woman's Industrial Exhibit. I regard it as a very commendable enterprise.

Respectfully, JOS. B. CROWLEY.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
Washington, D. C., February 5, 1902.

MRS. CHARLOTTE SMITH,
Washington, D. C.

Dear Madam: In reply to your kind favor of recent date, I have to say that it will afford me pleasure to aid in securing the passage of the bill providing for Woman's National Industrial Exhibits.

Cordially yours, J. B. SHOWALTER.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
Washington, D. C., February 1, 1902.

MRS. CHARLOTTE SMITH,
Washington, D. C.

Dear Madam: In reply to your letter of January 31st, I beg to say that I regard your effort to establish a Woman's National Exhibit in the City of Washington as a most commendable one, and will take pleasure in aiding you in its accomplishment to such extent as may be in my power.

Very respectfully, J. W. CASSINGHAM.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
Washington, D. C., January 26, 1902.

MRS. CHARLOTTE SMITH.

Dear Madam: I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of yours of the 24th instant, and in reply I desire to say that I am in hearty accord with any movement that will help to elevate industrial women, and sincerely hope that your project may be eminently successful.

Sincerely yours, JULIUS KAHN.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
Washington, D. C., February 4, 1902.

MRS. CHARLOTTE SMITH,
Arlington Hotel, Washington, D. C.,

Dear Madam: Your letter of recent date came duly to hand. Your work is a great and meritorious one. To elevate and honor the industrial woman will advance civilization and promote the welfare of the human race.

Yours sincerely, D. E. FINLEY.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
Washington, D. C., February 3, 1902.

Mrs. CHARLOTTE SMITH, Washington, D. C.,

My Dear Madam: I have carefully considered your inclosure, and I am fully convinced that the enterprise is a worthy and practicable one. It is true that our great country has neglected this great element in its deliberations for some time past. I am confident that no worthier cause has been advocated than this.

Yours very sincerely, W. W. SKILES.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
Washington, D. C., January 30, 1902.

MRS. CHARLOTTE SMITH.

Dear Madam: You have my sincere good wishes in your very meritorious undertaking. What little influence I have is at your command.

Very truly yours, JOS. T. JOHNSON.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
Washington, D. C., January 27, 1902.

Mrs. CHARLOTTE SMITH, City.

Dear Madam: I am heartily in sympathy with the Woman's National Industrial Exhibit, and trust that it will be a great success.

Yours truly, S. S. BARNEY.

COMMITTEE ON FOREIGN AFFAIRS,
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
Washington, D. C., February 3, 1902.

Mrs. CHARLOTTE SMITH.

Dear Madam: I cordially approve of the "Woman's National Industrial Exhibit," and believe that it will accomplish much good.

Very sincerely, HENRY F. NAPHEN.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
Washington, D. C., January 31, 1902.

CHARLOTTE SMITH,
Woman's National Industrial Exhibit.

Dear Madam: Your object is a worthy one. I wish it every success. I know of no better plan than the one you suggest of showing not only to our own country, but to the world, what a factor woman plays in our industrial life.

Yours very truly, JOHN J. ESCH.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
Washington, D. C., February 1, 1902.

Mrs. CHARLOTTE SMITH.

Dear Madam: Your letter of the 28th ult. came duly to hand and contents noted. I heartily approve of the project for a Woman's National Industrial Exhibit, and hope it may receive the cordial support of the citizens of our country.

Very respectfully, WM. S. GREENE.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
Washington, D. C., January 23, 1902.

Mrs. CHARLOTTE SMITH.

Dear Madam: The Woman's Industrial League is engaged in a work of great importance to our country, and should receive the aid of every man whose mother imbued with sufficient intelligence to hold office. America's greatness and the advanced position of American men among men is due altogether to the refined intelligence and energy of American women.

Will gladly do all I can to aid your efforts.

Very truly yours, WM. NEVILLE.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, U. S.,
Washington, D. C., May 22, 1902.

Mrs. CHARLOTTE SMITH,

Dear Madam: I heartily approve of the measure to establish a Permanent Exposition of Woman's work in Washington. I feel assured that the citizens of New Hampshire will cheerfully co-operate in this great national and international undertaking. The tide in Woman's industrial advancement has come to stay in this country. Therefore, both National and State Legislative measures for the betterment of women will come up from time to time to be discussed and passed upon. The proposed Industrial Exhibit will do much to develop and encourage woman's work in the United States. I am much interested in the subject of woman's educational and industrial achievements.

Therefore, anything that I can do to further the cause of the Industrial Exhibit I will do most cheerfully.

Respectfully, CYRUS A. SULLOWAY.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, U. S.,
Washington, D. C., May 23, 1902.

Mrs. CHARLOTTE SMITH, The Arlington, City.

Dear Madam: It affords me great pleasure to go on record as the friend of industrial women. The women of the South have set a noble example to the people of the United States. After the Civil war, when bereft of fortune and those who would have provided for them, they went to work. There was no employment too menial for them to do that they might provide for those dependent upon them. Therefore, I am in favor of National recognition and a liberal appropriation to advance the cause of the Woman's National and International Industrial Exposition, and I think I speak for the people of my State when I say the measure will meet with the approval of the majority of the citizens of Georgia.

Respectfully, L. F. LIVINGSTON.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, U. S.

Dear Madam: At all times and in all places, I have favored anything that would be of benefit to women, and I hope your Exhibit will be established.

Yours truly, THOS. MCEWAN, JR.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, U. S.

Dear Madam: Your Exhibit and every step towards the advancement and higher appreciation of woman meets my hearty approbation. You have my best wishes. Very respectfully yours, GEO. W. TAYLOR.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, U. S.

Dear Madam: In my judgment, an Exhibit, such as you propose, would certainly be of great interest and value as an educator, and I wish you success.

Yours very respectfully, J. A. TAWNEY.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, U. S.

Dear Madam: I am fully in sympathy with the aims and purposes of your work, and trust you will meet with success.

Yours truly, N. D. SPERRY.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, U. S.

Dear Madam: I take great pleasure in adding my endorsement to the Woman's National Industrial Exhibit. It will accomplish great good, and its success will tend to the recognition of women as Industrial factors.

Yours very respectfully, HENRY H. BINGHAM.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, U. S.

My Dear Madam: I heartily approve the project for a Woman's National Industrial Exhibit, and wish it success.

Yours respectfully, JAMES L. SLAYDEN.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, U. S.

Dear Madam: I am heartily in favor of extending to women every opportunity that man enjoys in every part of our great industrial regime. She is entitled by the laws of nature to be made as independent of men as men are of her aid.

I will always be found ready and willing to render aid by my vote and influence to sustain and elevate the cause of women and their industries. I believe the time has arrived when they should be recognized by the Nation as important factors in all its industries.

Truly yours, JOHN C. BELL,

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, U. S.

My Dear Madam: Your plan to hold a Woman's National Industrial Exhibit at the seat of Government is not only novel but possesses a practical utility which will result in its success, After the opening of the Exhibit the women of this country will take a pride in its continuance. I am very much interested in the movement, and will aid you in any manner I can.

I admire your perseverance and zeal in the cause of Woman—her recognition and advancement—and must congratulate you on your success in awakening the interest of woman's National recognition by the Congress of the United States. Wishing you every success,

I am truly yours, R. C. DE GRAFFENREID.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, U. S.

Dear Madam: Your letter of recent date has been received in regard to a Woman's National Industrial Exhibit proposed to be held in this city, and in reply have to state that I am familiar with the work you have performed in Boston, in behalf of women, and will second any effort devised to elevate and advance the Industrial Women of the country. Wishing you success, I am

Truly yours, JOHN F. FITZGERALD.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, U. S.

Dear Madam: It gives me great pleasure to add my endorsement to those already received in favor of your tribute to woman and her recognition as an industrial and patriotic factor in our country.

Very truly, JOHN MURRAY MITCHELL.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, U. S.

Dear Madam: At all our great Expositions held in this country for industrial purposes the work of our women has been conspicuous. Your effort now to make an Exhibition devoted exclusively to the handiwork of women is highly creditable, and will be productive of much good.

Yours respectfully, WM. H. FLEMING.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, U. S.

Dear Madam: I have your communication of recent date, asking my views in regard to a proposed Woman's National Exhibit. You say: "We believe the time has arrived when women should be recognized as moral, industrial and patriotic factors." I think that this view is shared by all good citizens of this Republic. The most of our women are compelled to be industrial factors, and they are certainly recognized the world over as the most powerful moral factors. Their patriotism has never been questioned, and, in my judgment, the patriotic influence of the women of this country guarantees the perpetuity of the Republic.

Very truly yours, GEORGE W. RAY.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, U. S.,
Washington, D. C., May 29, 1902.

Dear Madam: I have read with a great deal of interest the pamphlet relating to the movement of Woman's National and International Exhibit. Your work is worthy of every consideration, and is a most commendable undertaking. I wish you every success.

Respectfully, A. L. BRICK.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
Washington, D. C., May 28, 1902.

Mrs. CHARLOTTE SMITH.

Dear Madam: I have had the pleasure of reading the plans and purposes of your association, and they call for my heartiest commendation and earnest support. I am sure that the Woman's Permanent Industrial Exhibit will not be the least of the institutions of our Capital City to promote the welfare of the country at large; and in thus fostering and encouraging the development of woman's share in our industrial life, we shall advance our common interests and general progress. You may rely upon my doing what I can to assist in your most worthy undertaking. Yours respectfully, J. A. BEIDLER.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, U. S.

Dear Madam: I am in entire sympathy with any movement that will give prominence and recognition to the women of our country.

Yours truly WILLIAM CONNELL.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, U. S.

Dear Madam: I beg to acknowledge the receipt of your letter. I assure you that I take the greatest interest in your work, and that I wish you with all my heart, every success in your efforts.

I am with great respect, yours very truly, GEO. B. MCCLELLAN.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
Washington, D. C., May 30, 1902.

Mrs. CHARLOTTE SMITH.

Dear Madam: I am in receipt of your letter of the 28th instant. In reply thereto, will say that I have for years believed that some recognition at the National Capital should be made of the great work of the women of this country. I have introduced a bill for several Congresses past to erect a monument to the women nurses who attended our soldiers in the civil war upon the field of battle, but have never been able to get the measure before Congress. I think your proposition for the establishment of a Woman's National Industrial Exhibit is a most excellent one.

With best wishes, I remain yours truly,

JOHN F. SHAFROTH.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
Washington, D. C., May 31, 1902.

Mrs. CHARLOTTE SMITH.

Dear Madam: I beg to say that I am in hearty accord with your proposed monument in honor of our industrial women.

Most respectfully, J. W. FORDNEY.

HOUSE OF REPRESENATIVES,
Washington, D. C., May 30, 1902.

Mrs. CHARLOTTE SMITH.

Dear Madam: The work you have accomplished and contemplate, for the industrial advancement and education of women, is worthy of all commendation.

With respect,

E. S. HENRY.

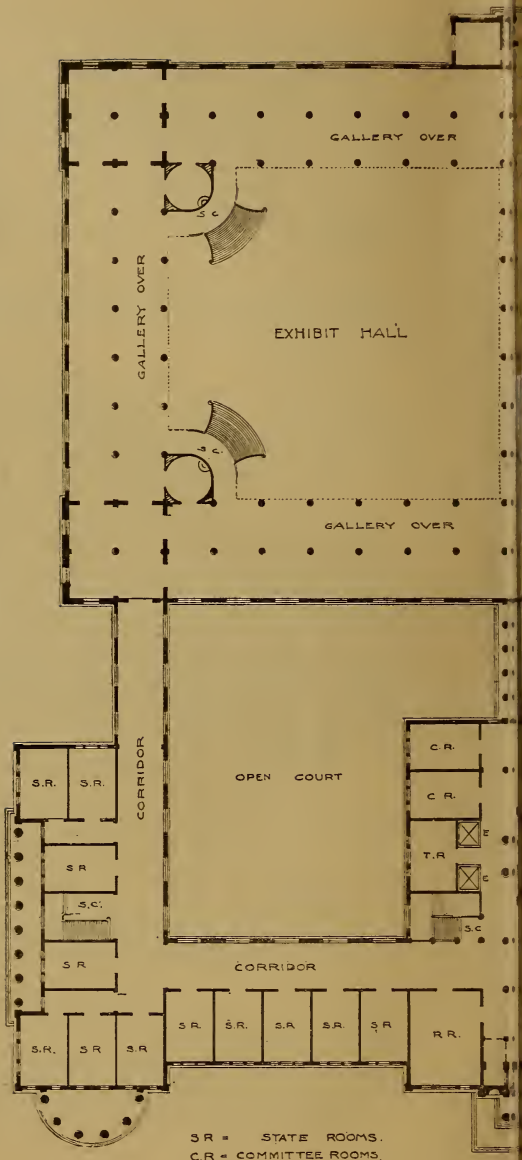
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
Washington, D. C., May 31, 1902.

Mrs. CHARLOTTE SMITH.

Dear Madam; I heartily indorse the efforts of your League for the Woman's National Industrial Exhibit, and sincerely trust that you will succeed in your efforts.

Very respectfully, THOS. C. MCRAE.

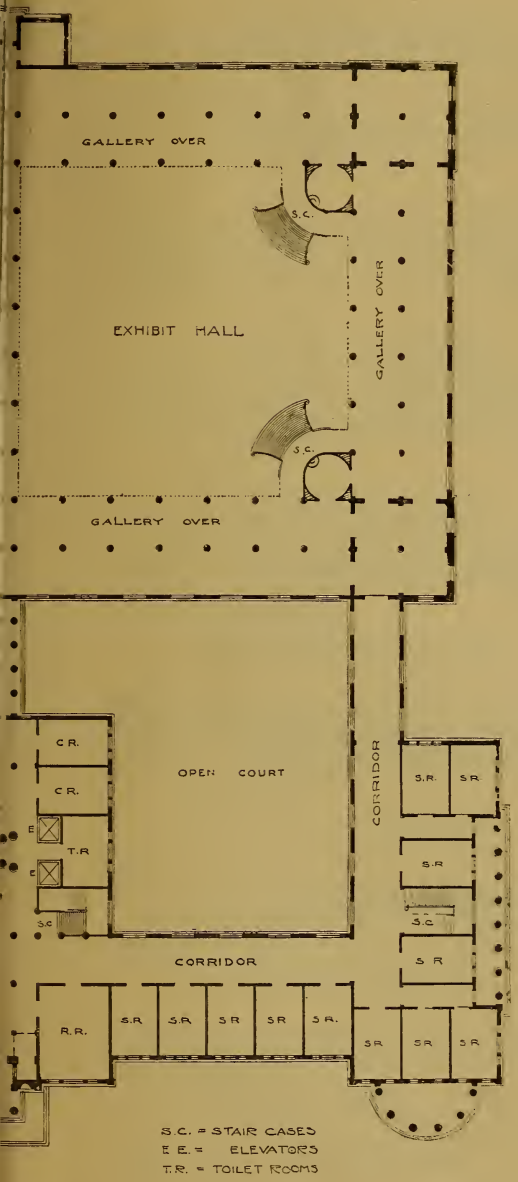
WOMEN'S INDUS



GROUND

PAUL J. PELZ ARCHITECT
WASHINGTON D.C

XHIBIT BUILDING



R PLAN

SCALE

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
Washington, D. C., May 30, 1902.

Dear Madam: The purposes of your Association are most commendable, and I wish you success.

Very respectfully,

E. W. MARTIN.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
Washington, D. C., May 31, 1902.

Mrs. CHARLOTTE SMITH.

Dear Madam: Your favor of the 28th instant is received. It is with pleasure that I express my sincere sympathy with the work in which you are engaged. I certainly do approve of the circular that you are sending out and hope you will receive hearty support in all you are doing.

Yours very truly,

WM. C. LOVERING.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
Washington, D. C., May 31, 1902.

Mrs. CHARLOTTE SMITH.

Dear Madam: I regard your effort to establish a Woman's National Exhibit in this city as most commendable, and I trust that the project may be entirely successful.

Very respectfully,

F. W. MONDELL.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
Washington, D. C., June 2, 1902.

Mrs. CHARLOTTE SMITH.

Dear Madam: I think your efforts in behalf of the project for a Woman's National Industrial Exhibit deserve support.

Very respectfully,

MELVILLE BULL.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
Washington, D. C., June 2, 1902.

Mrs. CHARLOTTE SMITH.

Dear Madam: I most heartily approve of the Woman's National Industrial Exhibit, and both believe and trust that it will accomplish much good. Command me in anything that I can do to aid this great and good undertaking.

Very respectfully,

BEN F. CALDWELL.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
Washington, D. C., June 2, 1902.

Mrs. CHARLOTTE SMITH.

Dear Madam: I am heartily in accord with the purposes and objects of your Association, and trust your labors may be rewarded with success.

Yours respectfully,

KITTREDGE HASKINS.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
Washington, D. C., June 3, 1902.

CHARLOTTE SMITH.

Dear Madam: The results to be secured by the establishment of the Woman's National Industrial Exhibit are indeed commendable, and you have my best wishes for its success.

Yours truly,

H. C. LOUDENSLAGER.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
Washington, D. C., June 3, 1902.

Mrs. CHARLOTTE SMITH.

Dear Madam: The purposes of the Woman's National Industrial Exhibit appeal to me as being so meritorious that I have no hesitation in heartily endorsing the ideas suggested for the proper recognition of industrial women and their encouragement in their efforts to advance and promote the best interests of mankind.

Very truly yours,

GEO. R. PATTERSON.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
Washington, D. C., May 30, 1902.

Mrs. CHARLOTTE SMITH.

Dear Madam: I assure you of my hearty sympathy with the splendid enterprise you have undertaken. It will do much towards educating the people as to the achievements of the women of our land, and to encourage your sex to still grander achievements. Again assuring you of my hearty sympathy, I am,

Yours respectfully, JOHN L. BURNETT.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
Washington, D. C., May 31, 1902.

Mrs. CHARLOTTE SMITH.

Your efforts for the Woman's National Industrial Exhibit in the city of Washington are worthy of success, and you have my good will.

Very truly, AMOS L. ALLEN.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
Washington, D. C., June 4, 1902.

Dear Mrs. Smith: Your enterprise is an exceptionally deserving one. Count on my sympathy, co-operation and support in any way which I can reasonably render them.

Cordially and sincerely yours, THOS. H. TONGUE.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, U. S.,
Washington, D. C., June 10, 1902.

Mrs. CHARLOTTE SMITH.

Dear Madam: In reply I now beg to say that I heartily commend the laudable enterprise known as the "Woman's National and International Industrial Exhibit," and will be glad to aid in securing the accomplishment of its purpose.

Very respectfully, GEO. A. PEARRE.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, U. S.,
Washington, D. C., June 16, 1902.

Mrs. CHARLOTTE SMITH.

Dear Madam: The promoters of the "Woman's National and International Industrial Exhibit" have my best wishes for success. Anything I can do to further its objects, call upon me.

Respectfully, JAMES D. RICHARDSON.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
Washington, D. C., June 20, 1902.

Mrs. CHARLOTTE SMITH,
Arlington Hotel, Washington, D. C.

My Dear Madam: The movement in behalf of the "Woman's Industrial Exhibit" is, in my opinion, a timely one, and you have my cordial good wishes for its success.

Sincerely yours, J. M. GRIGGS.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
Washington, D. C., June 18, 1902,

Mrs. CHARLOTTE SMITH.

Dear Madam: I am heartily in favor of any legislation for the betterment of the industrial class. I think the industrial women deserve recognition by Congress, because they help create the wealth of the Nation in hundreds of industrial pursuits. Therefore, I am in favor of the Woman's National Industrial Exposition.

Respectfully, JAMES A. HEMENWAY.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
Mrs. CHARLOTTE SMITH. Washington, D. C., June 26, 1902.

Dear Madam: Your effort to establish an Industrial Exhibit meets my hearty approval. S. B. COOPER.

57TH CONGRESS,
1ST SESSION.

S. 3067.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES.
JANUARY 21, 1902.

Mr. GALLINGER introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Select Committee on Industrial Expositions.

A BILL

Granting an appropriation to the trustees of the Woman's National Industrial Exhibit of the city of Washington, District of Columbia.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to pay to the trustees of the Woman's National Industrial Exhibit of the city of Washington, District of Columbia, the sum of one hundred thousand dollars, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the purpose of aiding the said trustees in establishing a Woman's National Industrial Exhibit at the city of Washington, District of Columbia: *Provided*, That before the payment of said appropriation the said trustees shall raise the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars, and prove to the satisfaction of the Secretary of the Treasury that they have the said sum of twenty-five thousand dollars actually in hand.

UNITED STATES SENATE.

My Dear Madam: I have carefully read your memorial advocating the Industrial Exhibit of the handiwork of American women in the Arts, Sculpture, Science, Medicine, Literature, and Manufacture, and am pleased to give it my most cordial approbation. It is a remarkable fact that the appropriations by Congress have been invariably a recognition of the achievements of men, while women who have distinguished themselves in the various walks of life have been utterly neglected. It seems to me that it will be a wise thing for Congress to make a liberal appropriation in the line indicated by you, to the end that the work of women, which has resulted in so much good to mankind the world over, may be brought prominently to the attention of our people.

Very respectfully yours,

J. H. GALLINGER.

UNITED STATES SENATE,
Washington, D. C., February 4, 1902.

Mrs. CHARLOTTE SMITH, Woman's National Industrial Exhibit, The Arlington, Washington, D. C.

Dear Madam: I beg to return an acknowledgment of your letter of February 3d, and to express my hearty accord in the purposes and designs of the noble work in which you are engaged. To those who have noticed the achievements of women within the last decade, they could not fail to be impressed with the power of their genius, and their advancement, to a large extent, is unquestionably due to their own earnest and persistent work among themselves. This, of itself, is a flattering fact, and alone should command for them the highest praise, and summons the respect of everyone who considers the merits of their cause. It is not only a compliment, but a source of considerable pleasure that I am afforded this opportunity to endorse the work of the Woman's National Industrial Exhibit.

Yours very truly,

T. C. PLATT.

UNITED STATES SENATE.

Dear Madam: I beg to say I favor the Woman's Industrial Exposition referred to, and you have my best wishes for its success.

Yours truly, BOIES PENROSE.

UNITED STATES SENATE.

Dear Madam: I sincerely hope the proposed Woman's National Exhibit will be in every way a success.

Yours truly, JOHN C. SPOONER.

UNITED STATES SENATE.

Dear Madam: I beg to say that the object of the Woman's Industrial Exhibit is in every way worthy, and I wish you success.

Yours truly, J. L. RAWLINS.

UNITED STATES SENATE.
Washington, D. C., May 29, 1902.

Dear Madam: I believe that an exposition of the achievements of the handicrafts of women is entitled to every commendation.

Very truly yours, A. G. FOSTER.

UNITED STATES SENATE.
Washington, D. C., May 28, 1902.

Mrs. CHARLOTTE SMITH.

Dear Madam: I beg to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 23rd inst., and in reply wish to assure you of my great interest in the worthy objects you have been laboring to promote.

With high regard, I am, very truly yours,

HENRY E. BURNHAM.

UNITED STATES SENATE.

Dear Madam: I cordially concur in this movement, and will support each and every measure to advance woman's industrial interests.

Respectfully, J. P. DOLLIVER.

UNITED STATES SENATE, May 27, 1902.

Dear Madam: I beg to say that the objects of your Association are most worthy, and should receive the support of the American people.

Very truly yours, F. E. WARREN.

UNITED STATES SENATE,
Washington, D. C., May 29, 1902.

Mrs. CHARLOTTE SMITH.

My Dear Madam: Your purpose is a most worthy one. I heartily approve of it and bespeak for your efforts abundant success.

Yours sincerely, JOHN H. MITCHELL,

UNITED STATES SENATE,
Washington, D. C., May 31, 1902.

CHARLOTTE SMITH.

Dear Madam: Your favor of 26th inst., received. I heartily approve of the Woman's National and International Industrial Exhibit, and will be glad to assist in any way I can in the movement.

Very truly yours, WM. E. MASON.

UNITED STATES SENATE,
Washington, D. C., May 27, 1902.

Dear Mrs. Smith: I am in receipt of yours of the 26th instant, and take this opportunity to express my sincere approval of the objects of the "Woman's National Industrial Exhibit Association." I am sure that the establishment of such an exhibit would serve as an incentive for further advance of women in the direction in which they have already made such progress. I hope your efforts will meet with success.

Yours very respectfully, GEO. C. PERKINS.

UNITED STATES SENATE,
Washington, D. C., May 27, 1902.

MRS. CHARLOTTE SMITH.

Dear Madam: I heartily sympathize with your project to establish a Woman's Industrial Exhibit, and wish you success in your efforts. In my State, while a Territory, female suffrage was tried and given up, and I am glad to see that clever women are trying to accomplish something of genuine benefit to the sex.

Yours very truly, GEO. TURNER.

UNITED STATES SENATE,
Washington, D. C., May 27, 1902.

MRS. CHARLOTTE SMITH.

Dear Madam: It will give me much pleasure and gratification to see the success of your movement to establish a Woman's National Industrial Exhibit. It is a move along a line that means much towards the development of the intellectual attainments of the women of the country, and a movement that will not, I believe, render women less womanly. I shall take pleasure in encouraging the development of the plans of the organization in any way that I can.

Very truly yours, J. C. PRITCHARD.

UNITED STATES SENATE,
Washington, D. C., May 28, 1902.

MRS. CHARLOTTE SMITH.

Dear Madam: I heartily approve of the object of the Woman's Industrial Exhibit. Wishing you every success, I am

Truly yours, T. M. PATTERSON.

UNITED STATES SENATE,
Washington, D. C., June 17, 1902.

Mrs. CHARLOTTE SMITH.

Dear Madam: I am in favor of any measure before Congress that will advance the interests of industrial women. Personally, I shall be glad to co-operate with the promoters of the Woman's Industrial Exhibit.

Respectfully, GEO. L. WELLINGTON.

UNITED STATES SENATE,
Washington, D. C., June 19, 1902.

Mrs. CHARLOTTE SMITH.

Woman's National Industrial Exhibit, The Arlington.

Dear Madam: It give me pleasure to congratulate you upon the effort you are making in behalf of the industrial development of women. I heartily indorse your enterprise and ambition in this direction, and sincerely hope that your efforts may be crowned with unlimited success.

Very truly yours, S. B. ELKINS.

UNITED STATES SENATE,
Washington, D. C., May 27, 1902.

Mrs. CHARLOTTE SMITH.

My Dear Madam: Replying to your favor of the 23d instant I beg to say that my sympathies are with the proposition to establish a Woman's National Industrial Exhibit in Washington, and I believe much good would come from it. From the casual investigation I have made of the movement I would say that I think it worthy of Congressional attention.

Yours truly, C. H. DIETRICH.

UNITED STATES SENATE CHAMBER.

Dear Madam: I am in receipt of your favor of the 3d instant in relation to securing an appropriation enabling the Woman's Industrial and Patriotic League to prepare an exhibit. I assure you I am very much interested in the project, and when the matter is brought before the Senate it shall receive my most earnest consideration.

Very truly yours, JOSEPH SIMON.

UNITED STATES SENATE,
Washington, D. C., June 4, 1902.

Mrs. CHARLOTTE SMITH.

Dear Madam: You deserve great credit for your efforts in behalf of the industrial advancement of women, and you have my very best wishes for success.

Very respectfully,

J. R. HAWLEY.

UNITED STATES SENATE,
Washington, D. C., June 20, 1902.

MY DEAR MRS. SMITH,
President Woman's Industrial Exhibit.

I have known you and the good work which you have been engaged in for the past twenty years, in behalf of the industrial class of this country. Congress should make liberal appropriation for the Woman's National and International Exposition. Command me if I can be of any service to the Woman's Industrial Exhibit.

J. P. JONES.

UNITED STATES SENATE,
Washington, D. C., June 20, 1902.

Mrs. CHARLOTTE SMITH.

Dear Madam: I heartily approve of the Woman's National Industrial Exposition. It is a practical movement in the right direction, and will do much to develop the industrial advancement of the intelligent women of the country. Furthermore, I believe that Congress should make liberal appropriations to help establish the Woman's Permanent Industrial Exposition of Washington.

J. C. BURROWS.

UNITED STATES SENATE,
Washington, D. C., June 23, 1902.

Mrs. CHAROLTTE SMITH, President, The Arlington.

Dear Madam: I think your idea of a permanent exhibition of woman's handiwork in Washington is a good one, and I hope you may be able to make it a success.

Very truly yours,

NELSON W. ALDRICH.

UNITED STATES SENATE,
Washington, D. C., June 24, 1902.

Mrs. CHARLOTTE SMITH, Washington, D. C.

Dear Madam: Replying to your favor of recent date, I beg to say that any movement having for its purpose the advancement of woman is worthy of commendation and support.

Very respectfully yours,

J. V. QUARLES.

UNITED STATES SENATE,
Washington, D. C., July 1, 1902.

Mrs. CHARLOTTE SMITH.

My Dear Madam: I heartily endorse the work of the Woman's National Industrial Exhibit. Your personal efforts have been very great, and I bear testimony to it. The cause of woman, I regret to say, has not received that consideration it deserves. May you ultimately triumph.

Sincerely,

H. C. HANSBROUGH.

The following letters are from personal friends, who are familiar with our work, in behalf of the industrial advancement of women:

[From Rear Admiral W. S. Schley, U. S. N.]

HEADQUARTERS OF THE COMMISSION
OF THE
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA FOR PORTO RICO,
SAN JUAN, P. R., Sept. 25, 1898.

My Dear Mrs. Smith: I took great interest in the work you were doing years ago, and I am glad to know that it still receives your great influence and strong help. Very truly yours,

W. S. SCHLEY.

U. S. SENATE CHAMBER,
WASHINGTON, D. C., March 18, 1891.

During the twelve years that I have been in the Senate Mrs. Charlotte Smith has been most active and energetic in the advocacy and promotion of measures

devised in the interests of all who toil in manual labor, and especially for the improvement of the industrial, and, as a necessary consequence, of the social and intelligent condition of her sex. She has included in her maternal effort everything which seemed likely to make human beings better and happier. Her methods are somewhat original and iconoclastic, and they sometimes give offense to those who would judge her actions more favorably if they understood her motives and the intense earnestness of her character. It is impossible to enumerate the immense number of propositions to which she has given enthusiastic support when others were indifferent or discouraged, and it has been her great satisfaction to see much accomplished as a reward for her devoted zeal. The future will see the reaping of the harvest, and I believe the name of Mrs. Charlotte Smith will be remembered with gratitude and increasing appreciation for generations to come.

HENRY W. BLAIR.

HEADQUARTERS FOURTH ARMY CORPS,
HUNTSVILLE, ALA., October 18, 1898.

Dear Madam: I personally observed the work of women in hospitals in Cuba, and am unqualified in my opinion that they did a great deal to alleviate suffering. They were brave, earnest and determined in their work, gladly undergoing personal privations. I most certainly recognize woman as a patriotic factor, fearless of danger in the line of her duty, and willing to make personal sacrifices and contribute her means to the success of the cause. In pestilence, shipwrecks, and other distressing circumstances, women rise to the most sublime heights of the grandest character of courage and heroism.

Yours very truly,

JOS. WHEELER,
Major-General U. S. V.

GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE,
OFFICE OF THE PUBLIC PRINTER,
Washington, D. C.. February 8, 1902.

Mrs. CHARLOTTE SMITH, National Industrial Exhibit, Arlington Hotel, Washington, D. C.

Dear Madam: I am in receipt of your letter of the 6th instant, requesting me to address to you a letter expressive of my opinion of the merits of the work in which you are engaged, viz., that of the elevation of woman through industrial employment.

During many years I have been familiar with the work in which you have been engaged in behalf of worthy individuals of your sex, and especially since I have been in charge of the administration of this office. I have observed with pleasure the results of your labors in helping deserving women to obtain useful and remunerative employment, and thus aiding them to secure comfortable support for themselves and dependent members of their families. Within the last twenty years great progress has been made in opening industrial occupations to women, and among the benefits realized from this enlargement of the useful avenues of feminine employment has been the elevation of the character of the sex morally, socially, and industrially. To such voluntary workers as yourself in this field of usefulness much credit is due, and it is to be hoped the good work will go on.

Your friend, sincerely,

F. W. PALMER.

1236 WEST 114TH STREET, NEW YORK, June 10, 1901.

My Dear Friend: I am glad to hear from you. The more that I think of it, the more I am with you in this gigantic effort of yours, which I regard as the grandest idea that ever emanated from woman, this permanent exposition of woman's work. It will succeed—it must succeed beyond the possibility of a doubt.

The movement I tried to help you in years ago for the benefit of the women employed in the Government service was a mere infant compared with this great project. It ought to interest every woman on the planet—and it will in time.

I am glad you noticed that I have the order to put two hundred colossal busts of Washington in the public schools of this city.

Very sincerely your old friend, WILSON MCDONALD, Sculptor.

HEADQUARTERS DISTRICT SAN JUAN, PORTO RICO.

If there is anything I can do for the success of the Exhibit please let me know. Yours very sincerely,

F. D. GRANT.

681 FIFTH AVE., NEW YORK CITY.

Mrs. Smith: Yours received. I need not assure you that I am in hearty sympathy with the objects you have in view.

Yours truly, LEVI P. MORTON.

GOVERNORS AND MEMBERS OF LEGISLATURES.

We hope to enlist the Governors and Members of the Legislatures of every State and Territory in these United States in the movement of establishing a permanent exposition in Washington, D. C. It is intended that each State and Territory shall have a room in the general exposition building, to be known as the New York or Alabama room, etc. All the woods, marble, and other material used in the construction and decoration of these State apartments should come from each State and Territory. Therefore, the Members of every State Legislature and the Governors of the same will be called upon to cooperate with the Woman's Industrial Exposition Association to appropriate sufficient money to make a creditable display of the inventive, industrial, historical, educational and agricultural advancement of the women of their respective States.

The following extracts are from letters received on this subject:

Mrs. CHARLOTTE SMITH,
The Arlington, Washington, D. C.

DEAR MADAM: "I trust it is not necessary to assure you of the exalted opinion I entertain of the influence and work of women in all departments of art and industry, as well as of the zealous patriotism which, in the War of the Rebellion, as well as in the present war, has inspired their beneficent labors on behalf of our soldiers.

Yours truly, ROGER WOLCOTT,
Governor of Massachusetts."

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT, STATE OF WASHINGTON.

"Allow me to say that no one can be more interested than I am in the cause and advancement of woman.

T. R. ROGERS, Governor."

STATE OF OREGON, EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

"I concede that the women of Oregon and of the Nation should receive recognition and credit for their position and status as an economical factor in the State.

W. P. LORD, Governor of Oregon."

STATE OF CONNECTICUT, EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

"I sympathize with your great project.

Yours respectfully, LORRIN A. COOKE, Governor."

OFFICE OF THE GOVERNOR,
Phoenix, Ariz.

"I am in entire sympathy with yonr plan, and shall at all times be glad to aid you as far as I can consistently.

Yours, very respectfully, N. O. MURPHY, Governor."

STATE OF COLORADO, EXECUTIVE CHAMBER.

"You can always feel sure of the sympathy of Colorado in any movement for the advancement of your sex.

Very truly, ALVA ADAMS, Governor."

STATE OF OHIO, EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT,
Office of the Governor, Columbus.

"I beg to assure you that I am greatly interested in the cause of the advancement of woman in every walk of life and in every degree of honor. Too much praise can not be given them for that which they have done in the development of our nation's life, nor can any man lay too many tributes at their feet. I agree with you in your opinions as to what should be done for them, and assure you that, if I could, it would give me the greatest pleasure to aid.

Your obedient servant,

ASA S. BUSHNELL, Governor of Ohio."

TERRITORY OF NEW MEXICO,
Office of the Executive, Santa Fe.

"I will take great pleasure in doing everything in my power to aid you in your most worthy object in the establishment of the Woman's National Industrial Exhibit. Any time that you feel I can be of assistance to you in the matter, kindly write me, and I will gladly respond.

Yours very respectfully, MIGUEL A. OTERO, Governor."

ALL IN LINE BUT BOWERSOCK.

MRS. CHARLOTTE SMITH ENTHUSIASTIC OVER WOMAN'S INDUSTRIAL EXHIBIT OUTLOOK.

Representative Bowersock, of Kansas, has not yet been won over to the support of the proposed Woman's Permanent Industrial Exhibit, so enthusiastically championed by Mrs. Charlotte Smith, but Congressmen generally have fallen into line, until now the measure has a list of indorsements most formidable in character. There is hardly a prominent man in either the Senate or House who has not given Mrs. Smith a strong personal letter, commending her efforts and promising to do everything possible for the success of her undertaking.

Senator Burrows, who has been too busy with the reciprocity fight to give the industrial exhibit attention, yesterday assured Mrs. Smith of his hearty support. Senator Platt, of New York, likewise has committed himself unreservedly to the project,

Hon. Amos Allen of Maine, is out in a forceful and characteristic letter, praising Mrs. Smith's enterprise. The letters she has received, indeed, are powerful enough to secure an appropriation of a million dollars. Only $100,000 is asked, however!

"It is late in the session," said Mrs. Smith yesterday, "but I am hopeful of a favorable report. Uncle Sam has been generously voting big sums for expositions, and we think it only fair to the industrial women of America to aid them now. It is only a little sandwich they ask. Chairman Cannon has assured me of his full sympathy with the plan."

It is proposed, of course, to have the permanent exhibit in Washington. The officers and directors are T. E. Roessle, president board of directors; M. E. Hill, secretary; directors, Hon. Thomas W. Cridler, Frederick C. Stevens, Judge C. C. Cole, John B. Larner, ex-Vice President Levi P. Morton, and Henry E. Wilkens.

It is believed that Mr. Bowersock, of Kansas, will yet yield and give his aid to the project.—*Washington Post, June 26, 1902.*

LETTERS FROM FOREIGN LEGATIONS.

LEGATION DES PAYS-BAS
Washington, D. C., ---.

Madame:—I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter inviting the Women of the Netherlands to participate in the Industrial Exhibit of woman's handiwork, at Washington, D. C. I shall promptly convey your kind invitation to my Government. With assurances of distinguished consideration,

I am truly yours,
G. DE WECKHERLIN, Minister des Pays-Bas

LEGACION DE GUATEMALA,
Washington, D. C.

Dear Madam:

In response to your letter of the 16th instant, I wish to say that perhaps the way to have the industrial women of my country represented in the Exhibit you mention, would be by appointing an agent in Guatemala who, by personal interviews or some other way, might induce them to send their handwork.

Truly yours,
ANTONIO LAZO ARRIAGA.

LEGATION DE DENMARK,
Washington, D. C

Dear Madam:

I beg to aeknowledge the receipt your note of the 16th instant with regard to a permanent International Exhibit here in Washington of the handiwork of industrial women.

While taking the greatest Interest in your project, I regret not to be able to furnish you with the names of women in Denmark prominent in this matter, at the present time. I know, however, that the Danish women have accomplished very much in the matter to which you allude, and I would respectfully suggest that you should submit your request to the United States Minister or Consul in Copenhagen.

Very respectfully,
C. BRUN, Danish Minister.

LEGATION DE SUISSE AUX ETATS UNIS.
Washington, D. C.

Dear Madam:

I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of last week and to express to you my best thanks for calling the attention of this legation to the Exhibition of the handiwork of American Women, etc.

I have transmitted your invitation to my Government, and shall not fail to inform you of the steps which the same will take in this matter.

Yours very respectfully,
WALTER DENCHER,
Charge d'Affaires ad int. of Switzerland.

LEGACION DE LOS ESTADOS UNIDOS DE VENEZUELA.
Washington, D. C.

My Dear Madam:

I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of January ult., which I have carefully read. I can only suggest to you that you should address my Government, through the American Minister at Caracas, on the subject contained in your letter, and I do not doubt that they will pay to it the attention it deserves.

Hoping you complete success in your noble work, I remain,

Yours respectfully,
JOSE ANDRADE.

Editorial from "Washington Post" May 20, 1901.

Exhibit of Woman's work —Programme for a Permanet Undertaking here in Washington.—Subscriptions already made in the hope of persuading Congress to vote $100,000.—Plans of the Woman's Industrial League.

A vigorous crusade on the part of the Woman's Industrial and Patriotic League is in progress toward the establishment here in Washington of a permanent industrial exhibit of the handiwork of women. The scheme is a comprehensive one to cover accomplishments in the arts, science, sculpture, medicine, literature. and manufactures, and to prove woman's worth as an industrial factor and her value as an educator. A pamphlet has just been printed, stating that the opening of the exhibit will take place in this city when the required sum is raised to warrant Congress in making an appropriation of $100,000, and setting forth by letters written by prominent public officials their interest in the undertaking.

One forcible point made in the circular as an argument in favor of an appropriation is that the Federal government has given $12,200,000 toward promoting the various expositions in the United States. The Philadelphia Centennial was given $1,000,000, but this was afterwards returned. The exposition at New Orleans in 1881, and that at Atlanta in 1889 received each $1,000,000; the Chicago exposition was given $5,000,000, and a similar amount was recently voted to the St. Louis exposition. The Buffalo exposition received $200,000 from Congress. It is claimed that such generosity toward expositions in the past warrant the passage of a bill to appropriate $100,000. It is proposed first to raise a considerable sum by private subscription before any appropriation by Congress shall be made available.

Mrs. Charlotte Smith, as president of the Woman's Industrial and Patriotic League, has enlisted the interest of prominent and wealthy people in the proposed exposition, and during the summer an earnest effort will be made to advance its interests. The advisory board comprises forty-four men of prominence from all over the country, being headed by Lieut. Gen. Miles and Lieut. Gen. Schofield, Maj. Gen. Wood, Gen. Wheeler, Gen. Fred Grant, Admiral Schley, and ex-vice-President Morton. The national board is composed of women, headed by Mrs. T. E. Roeselle, Miss Jessie Sunderland, Miss Annie E. Wheeler, Miss Agnes Kirby, and others.

The Washington Industrial Branch League has pledged $5,000 toward the permanent exhibit, and has already raised $1,000 of that amout. The League proposes to hold a fair for one month to obtain the remaining $4,000 needed to fulfil the pledge. Mrs. Smith has contributed $10,000 from her own private means as a necleus with which to build up the exhibit. She commenced the work alone over a year ago, and since then has conducted a large correspondence with national legislators and prominent men and women throughout the country, from whom they have received many favorable responses, and has otherwise sought to arouse public opinion in behalf of the work. Foreign governments have been invited to notify and invite the women of their respective countries to co-operate. It is intended that this exhibit shall be commemorative of woman's progress and advancement in the nineteenth century; attractive in character, embodying contributions of woman's work, both useful and ornamental, each State of the Union and every nation of the earth to be represented, so as form a permanent national and international exhibit where visitors to the Capitol of the Nation may see the articles manufactured and designed by the inventive genius of woman, whom the world now recognizes as a prominent industrial factor and a wealth producer.

57TH CONGRESS,
1ST SESSION.

S. R. 131.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES.

JUNE 30, 1902.

Mr. HANNA introduced the following joint resolution; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on the Library.

JOINT RESOLUTION

To purchase a bronze portrait bust of the late President McKinley from Mrs. Emma Cadwallader-Guild.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That a sufficient sum, as may be necessary, at their discretion, is hereby appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to enable the Joint Committee on the Library to purchase from Mrs. Emma Cadwallader-Guild her bronze portrait bust of the late President McKinley.

The above resolution speaks for itself. When a practical man like Senator Hanna fathers such a resolution it means much for Mrs. Cadwallader-Guild, who is the chairman of the committee on art of the Woman's National and International Exposition.

The following is from the Washington *Star* of June 23d, 1902:

WOMAN'S EXPOSITION.

Association Takes Steps to Thoroughly Advertise the Enterprise.

A special meeting of the Woman's Industrial Exhibit Association was held last evening at the Arlington, Mr. T. E. Roessle, the president, presiding. It was decided to issue during the summer months a booklet of 500,000 copies, explaining the objects of the exposition, and incorporating the names of the prominent men and women who will co-operate in the movement. It was also decided that the president be authorized to send 10,000 circular letters to the citizens of Washington, calling upon them to become members of the Exposition Association.

Mrs. Emma Cadwallader-Guild, the celebrated sculptor, was present and made a few remarks upon women artists, and what Germany, France, and England have done to encourage schools of art. Mrs. Cadwallader-Guild was elected delegate to visit Europe in the interests of the Woman's Industrial Exposition.

The meeting adjourned to meet again at the call of the president.

WOMAN'S INDUSTRIAL AND PATRIOTIC LEAGUE.

THE WOMAN'S INDUSTRIAL AND PATRIOTIC LEAGUE was organized August 10th, 1882, in Washington, D. C. It is largely a philanthropic organization. The objects are to help advance the interests of women in Government service, that they may receive just remuneration for their service.

To encourage women in all branches of industry, to enable them to perfect themselves that they may become competitive bread-winners.

To aid women who are out of employment, by procuring situations for them, and encourage honest industry.

To visit the sick, and help those without means by providing clothing, food, etc.

To help bury the dead and prevent respectable impecunious persons from being interred in Potter's Field.

THE RESCUE LEAGUE is a branch of the INDUSTRIAL LEAGUE. The work is entirely among the unfortunate scarlet letter women. The objects are to rescue girls who are leading immoral lives; procure legal advice for women who are in trouble and without means; help the sick and destitute girls, and save them from being buried in Potter's Field when they die.

THE WASHINGTON INDUSTRIAL BRANCH LEAGUE was organized four years ago for the purpose of agitating and raising funds for establishing in Washington a permanent Woman's Industrial Exhibit. The members of the organization are women largely employed in the various branches of the Government service. They are pledged to raise five thousand dollars to help the Industrial Exhibit. The officers and committee are as follows:

LAURA J. GRADDICK, President.
ELIZABETH HILL, Secretary.
MRS. MARY E. LATTIN, Chairman Committee on Finance.

Miss Marian A. Harper,	Miss Lillian L. Page,	Mrs. E. M. Lawrence,
Mrs. Julia C. Skelly,	Mrs. Martha Freer,	Mrs. Nora Crawford,
Miss Mary Sheehan,	Mrs. Rena Wood,	Mrs. Regenia Ready,
Mrs. Mary M. Sprandel,	Mrs. Ada Miles,	Mrs. Elizabeth Wagner,
Mrs. Mary Hubbell,	Mrs. Mary Sullivan,	Mrs. Elizabeth Beal,
Miss Lizzie Corcoran,	Miss Helen Hill,	Miss Agnes Kirby,
Miss Elizab'h A. Nalley,	Mrs. M. Early,	Mrs. L. Croler.

THE WOMAN'S

National Industrial Exhibit.

HEADQUARTERS ARE AT

Headquarters Woman's

National Industrial and Patriotic Exhibit

LIBRARY OF CONGRESS
0 029 985 584 3

THE HEADQUARTERS OF THE

New York Woman's Industrial Exposition

ARE AT THE GILSEY HOUSE.

THE GILSEY HOUSE IS HEADQUARTERS FOR THE

WOMAN'S

National and International Industrial Exhibit

OF WASHINGTON, D. C.